

All of the following are true regarding Peutz-Jeghers Syndrome patients except:

- a. Disease is autosomal recessive
- b. Risk of both GI and non-GI malignancy is markedly increased
- c. The typical pathologic finding is the hamartomatous polyp.
- d. The pigmented spots on the lips and buccal mucosa frequently fade over time.



**ANSWER: A. Disease is autosomal recessive**

**Explanation: Peutz-Jeghers is autosomal dominant.**