**Question 11 – October 15**

A 33-year-old female without any significant past medical history is referred to your clinic for a 6 cm liver lesion incidentally seen on CT ABD/Pelvis. The lesion is located in the right lobe and is isodense on the portal venous phase. She currently takes OCPs, but is planning on stopping them as she and her husband try to conceive their first child.

How should you counsel her regarding pregnancy and OCPs?

A. She can continue her OCPs, but advise against pregnancy  
B. She should stop her OCPs, but pregnancy has not been associated with an increase in tumor size  
C. She should stop her OCPs and advise against pregnancy, and recommend resection.  
D. She should stop her OCPs and advise against pregnancy, and re-image in 6 months as tumor size should would shrink.

**Answer: C**

When hepatic adenomas are 5 cm or larger, there is an increased risk of spontaneous rupture and hemorrhage of 11-29%. There is also a risk of malignancy when adenoma reaches 5 cm.