A 64-year-old female presents with an incidentally found pancreatic cyst on CT imaging. The cyst is 3.5 cm in size and located in the pancreatic tail with central calcifications. An EUS is done which shows a 3.5 cm pancreatic tail cyst without any mural nodules or septations and no connections to the main pancreatic duct. FNA is performed which reveals amylase of 38, CEA of 27 and unremarkable cytology.

The most likely diagnosis is what?

A. BD-IPMN  
B. MD-IPMN  
C. Serous Cystadenoma (SCN)  
D. Mucinous Cystic Neoplasm (MCN)  
E. Pseudocyst

Answer: C
Serous cystadenomas typically are found in female patients in the 6th or 7th decade, located in the body or tail and often can have central calcifications; they also have low amylase and CEA levels and acellular cytology.