A 35-year-old male undergoes endoscopy for evaluation of heartburn and globus sensation with the following finding in the proximal esophagus. The biopsies of this area will show:

A. nonkeratinized stratified squamous epithelium  
B. glandular epithelium with parietal cells  
C. glandular epithelium with goblet cell metaplasia  
D. squamous epithelium with low grade dysplasia

Answer: B  
Rationale: The picture demonstrates heterotopic gastric mucosa also known as inlet patch. It is found on up to 10% of endoscopies and biopsy specimen reveal gastric fundic or antral type mucosa.

References: Anatomy, Histology, Embryology, and Developmental Anomalies of the Esophagus  